PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
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DATA SHEET

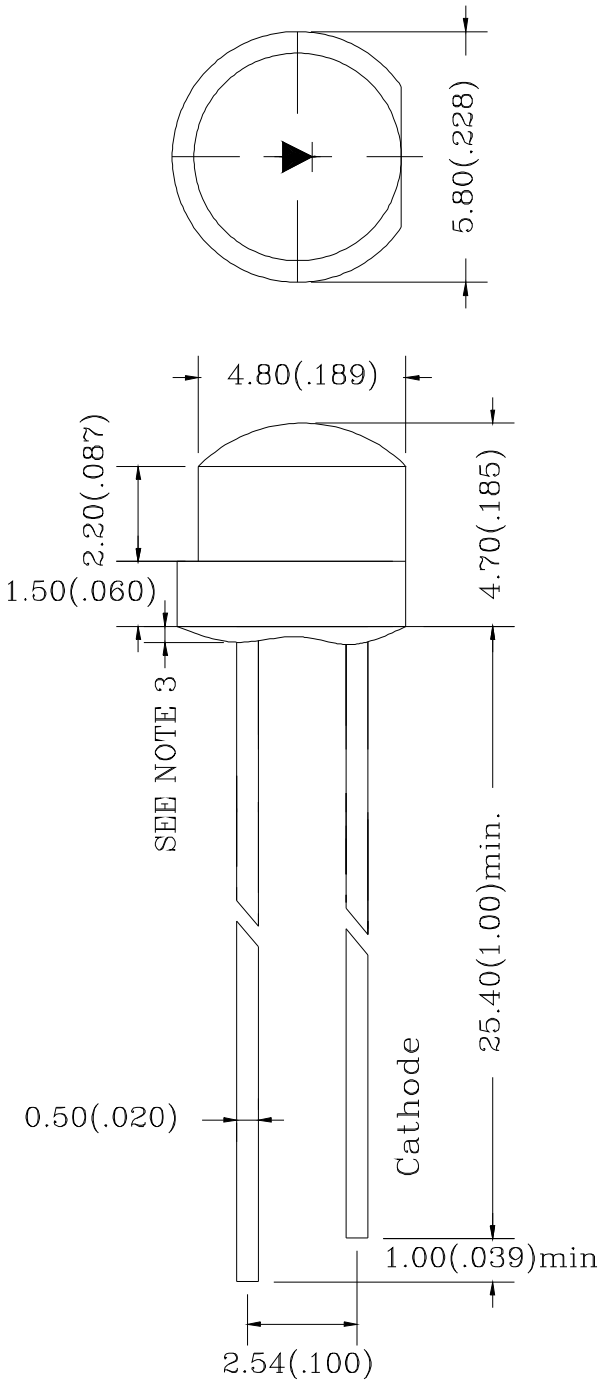
PART NO. : L5PGEIR4C-SP-HB

REV : A / 0

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL : _____ DCC : _____

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

ITEM	MATERIALS
RESIN	Epoxy Resin
LEAD FRAME	Sn Plating iron Alloy



Note:

1.All Dimensions are in millimeters.

2.Tolerance is ±0.25mm(0.010 ")
Unless otherwise specified.

3.Protruded resin under flange
is 1.5mm(0.059 ") max.

5.0 mm INFRARED EMITTING DIODE

L5PGEIR4C-SP-HB

REV:A / 0

FEATURES

* High-brightness
* High reliability
* Low-voltage characteristics
* Narrow view angle
* Pb FREE Products
* RoHS Compliant

CHIP MATERIALS

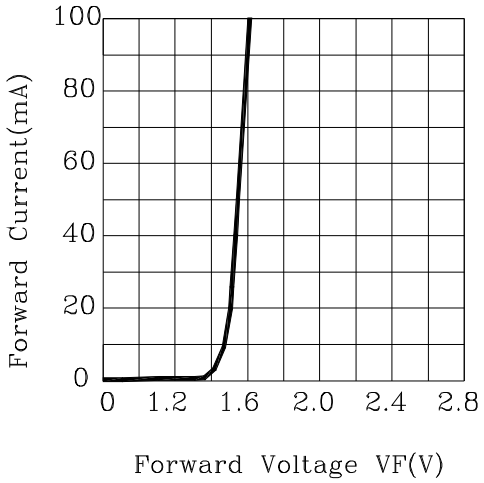
* Dice Material : GaAlAs/GaAs
* Lens Color : WATER CLEAR

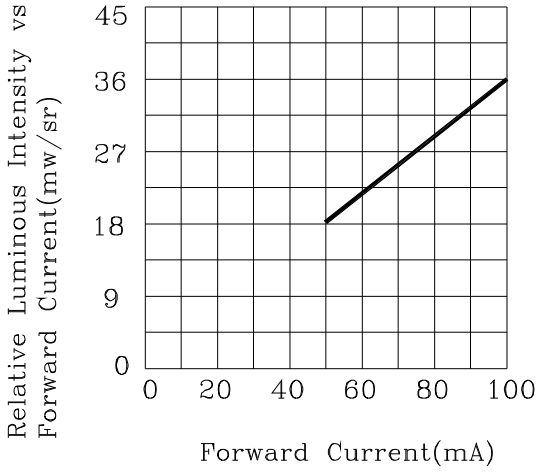
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25℃)

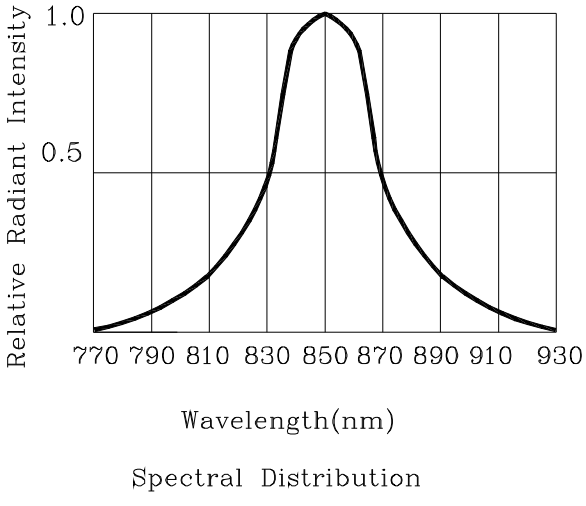
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX	UNIT
PD	Power Dissipation Per Chip	200	mW
VR	Reverse Voltage Per Chip	5	V
IF	Forward Current Per Chip	100	mA
IPF	Peak forward current Per Chip (F=1KHZ,duty=0.1)	400	mA
Topr	Operating Temperature Range	-25℃ to 85℃	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-25℃ to 85℃	

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS : (Ta = 25℃)

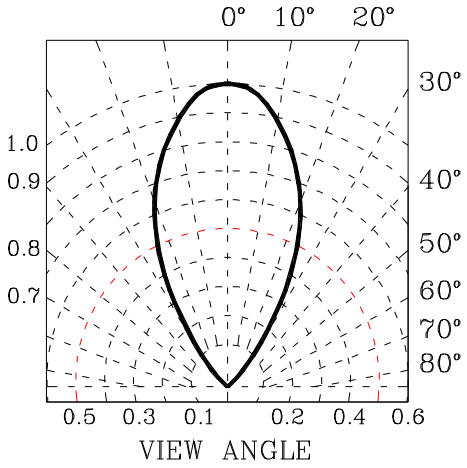
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
VF	Forward Voltage	IF = 50mA IF = 100mA		1.4 1.6	1.8 2.0	V
IR	Reverse Current	VR = 5V			10	mA
lp	Peak Emission Wavelength	IF = 50mA		850		nm
2θ1/2	Half Intensity Angle	IF = 50mA		50		deg
IE	Radiant Intensity	IF = 50mA IF=100mA		18 36		mw/sr







Spectral Distribution



Label Explanation

光鼎电子股份有限公司 PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD.		
PART NO	:	
LOT NO	:	INSPECTED
BIN	:	
Q'TY	: PCS	
N. W	: g	

PART NO. : L5PGEIR4C-SP-HB

Refer to p12

LOT NO. : **E L L 4 7 0009**

A B C D E F

A---E: For series number
B---L: Local F: Foreign
C---L: LAMP
D---Year
E---Month
F---SPEC.

BIN : Bin Code List

Luminous Intensity(IV), Unit: mw/sr @50mA		
Bin Code	Min	Max
N	13	15
O	15	18
P	18	21
Q	21	24
R	24	28

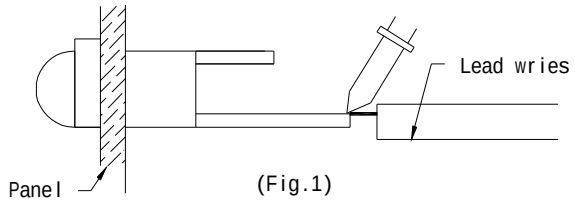
Tolerance of each bin are±15%

N'W : Net Weight

–SOLDERING

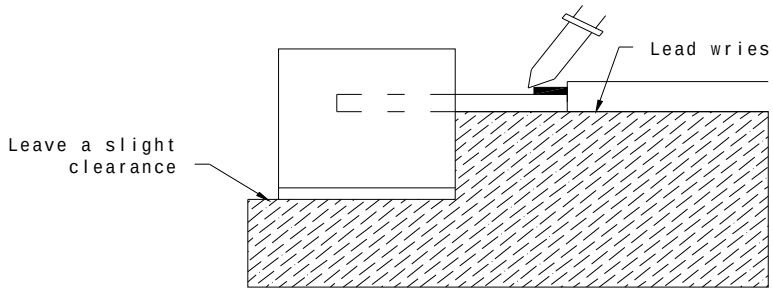
METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 260℃ Immersion time: with 5 sec, 1 time	– Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package – Using soldering flux," RESIN FLUX" is recommended.
SOLDERING IRON	Soldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron: 300℃ or lower Soldering time: within 5 sec.	– During soldering, take care not to press the tip of iron against the lead. (To prevent heat from being transferred directly to the lead, hold the lead with a pair of tweezers while soldering

1) When soldering the lead of LED in a condition that the package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1), be careful not to stress the leads with iron tip.



(Fig.1)

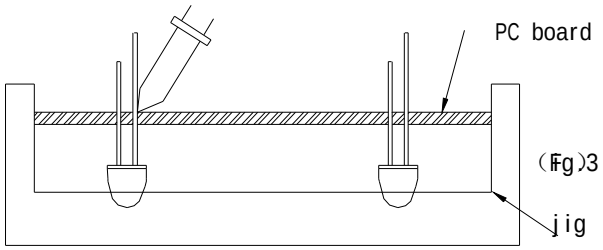
2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a jig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.



(Fig.2)

Regarding tinning the leads, compound made of tin ,copper and sliver is proposed with the temperature of 260℃. The proportion of the alloyed solution is 95.5% tin, 3.5 % copper, 0.5% silver. The time of tinning is 3 seconds.

3) Similarly, when a jig is used to solder the LED to PC board, take care as much as possible to avoid stressing the leads (See Fig.3).



(Fig)3

4) Repositioning after soldering should be avoided as much as possible. If inevitable: select a best-suited method that assures the least stress to the LED.
5) Lead cutting after soldering should be performed only after the LED temperature has returned to normal temperature.

– STORAGE

1) The LEDs should be stored at 30℃ or less and 70% RH or less after being shipped from PARA and the storage life limit is 1 year .
2) PARA LED lead frames are comprised of a tin plated iron alloy. The surface may be affected by environments which contain corrosive gases and so on. Please avoid conditions which may cause the LEDs to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration may cause difficulty during soldering operations. It is recommended that the LEDs be used as soon as possible.
3) Please avoid rapid changes in ambient temperature, especially, in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

–LED MOUNTING METHOD

4) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)

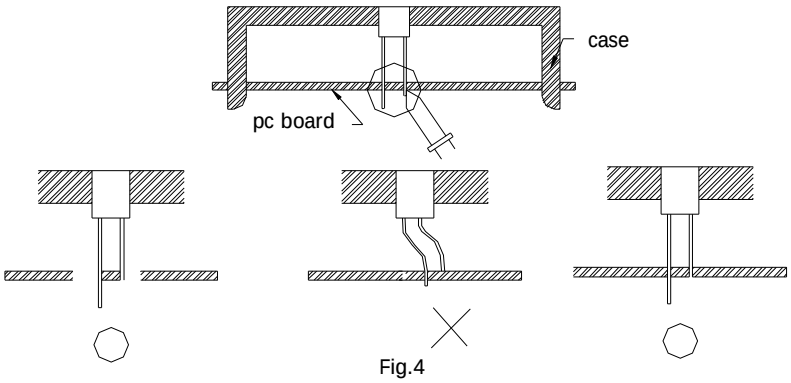


Fig.4

5) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of resin (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.

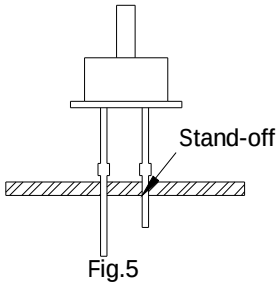


Fig.5

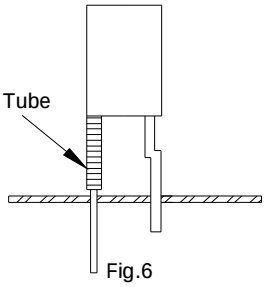


Fig.6

–FORMING LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed to a jig to pliers (Fig.7)

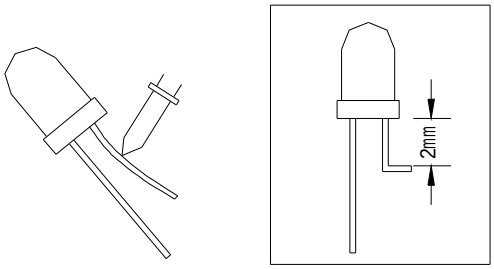


Fig.7

2) Forming lead should be carried our prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
3) Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the holes on PCB, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)

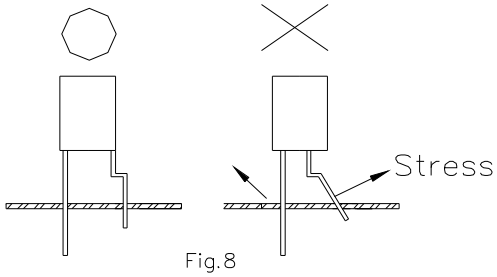


Fig.8

–LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength
   Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)

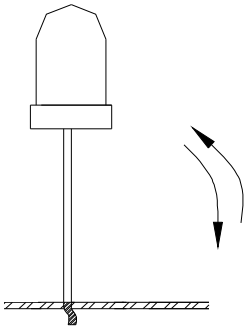


Fig.9

2) Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)
If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)

Fig.10

– HEAT MANAGEMANT

1) Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when designing the system. The temperature increase is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

The operating current (IF) should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

–CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be used. (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY
Freon TE	⊙
Chlorothene	╳
Isopropyl Alcohol	⊙
Thinner	╳
Acetone	╳
Trichloroethylene	╳

⊙--Usable ╳--Do not use.

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on factors such as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed by confirming an ultrasonic cleaning trial run.

–OTHERS

1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
2) Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required , particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
5) The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

LED Lamps: