

PARA LIGHT ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. 11F., No. 8, Jiankang Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, Taiwan Tel: 886-2-2225-3733 Fax: 886-2-2225-4800

E-mail: para@para.com.tw

www.paralighttaiwan.com .

DATA SHEET

PART NO.: LH31C017C-HTS

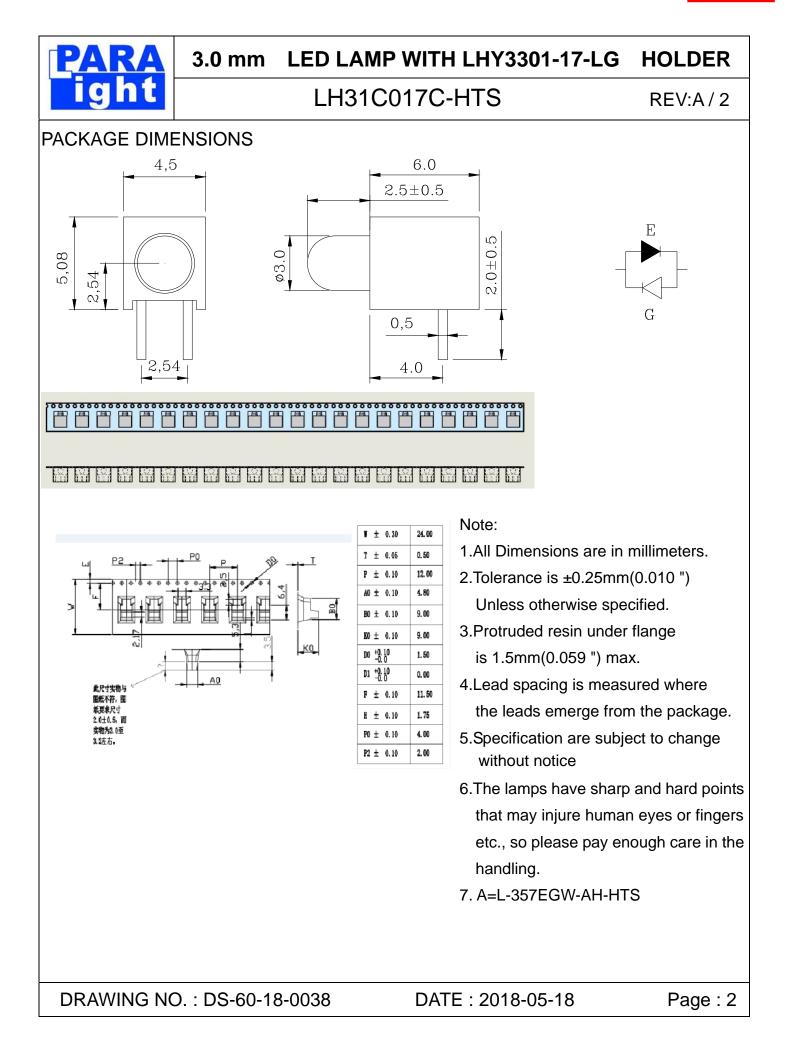
REV: <u>A/2</u>

CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL :

DCC :

DRAWING NO. : DS-60-18-0038

DATE : 2018-05-18



LH31C017C-HTS

REV:A/2

FEATURES

ight

- * 3.0mm DIA LED LAMP
- * LOW POWER CONSUMPTION.
- * I.C. COMPATIBLE.
- * LONG LIFE SOLID STATE RELIABILITY.
- * PB FREE PRODUCTS(Compliant with EU's RoHS.)

CHIP MATERIALS

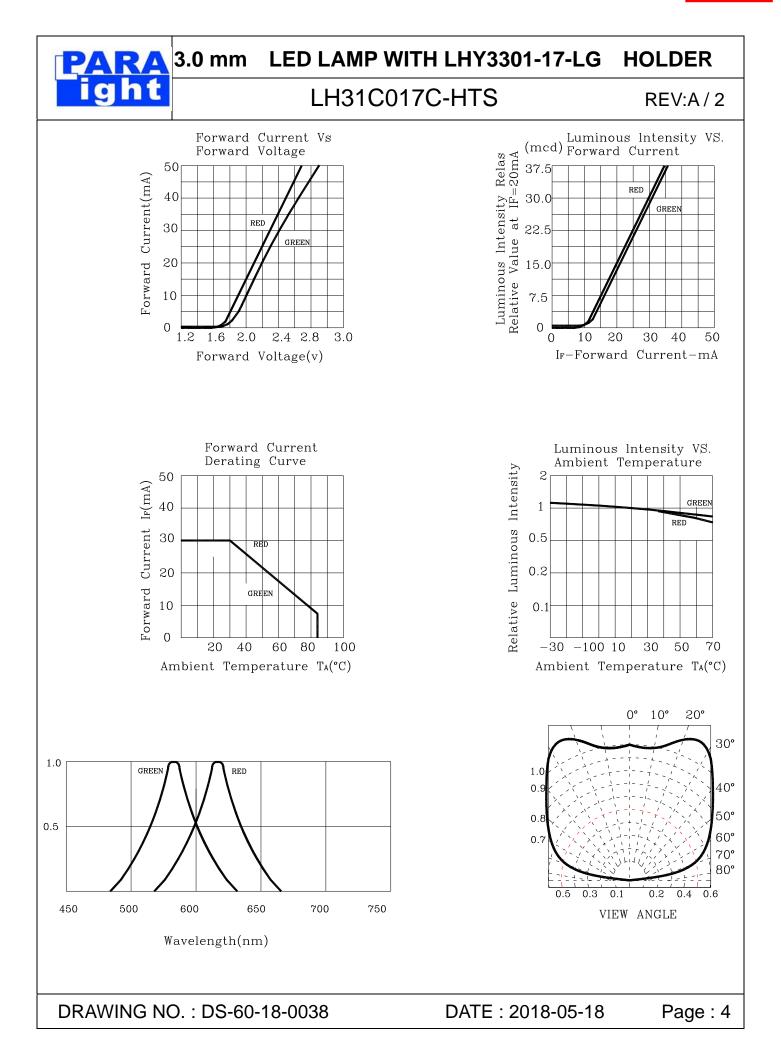
- * Dice Material :GaAsP/GaP & GaP/GaP
- * Light Color :Hi.effi Red & Green
- * Lens Color :White Diffused

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING : (Ta = 25°C)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	Green	Hi.effi Red	UNIT
PAD	Power dissipation	78	75	mw
VR	Reverse Voltage	5	5	V
IF	Average Forward Current	30	30	mA
IPF	Peak Forward Current Per (Duty=0.1,1KHz)	120	120	mA
	Derating Linear From 25℃	0.4	0.4	mA/° C
Topr	Operating Temperature Range		-25 ℃ to 85℃	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range		-40℃ to 100℃	

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS : ($Ta = 25^{\circ} C$)

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Vf	Forward Voltage	IF=20mA	Hi.effi Red		2.1	2.6	V
			Green		2.2	2.6	
	Reverse Current VR=5 V		Hi.effi Red			100	
IR		VR=3 V	Green			100	μA
	Dominant Wayalangth		Hi.effi Red		628		
λD	Dominant Wavelength	IF=20mA	Green		568		nm
	Spectral Line		Hi.effi Red		35		nm
Δλ	Half-Width	IF=20mA	Green		30		
2 θ 1/2	Half Intensity Angle	IF=20mA	R/G		120		deg
lv	Luminous Intensity	IF=20mA	Hi.effi Red		12		
			Green		15		mcd
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Label Explanation

PAR. Lot		10. 0.					 CS CO.,LTD.
BIN	`		•				
Q'	T	Y	•		P	CS	
N. V			•			g	
ARA N		efer to	p12				
	10. : L	L	-	7	В	001	
A L: L BL: L/ C M: I DYeai	A ocal AMP For serie	B F: Fo H:HC	M C reign DLDE	7 D R	E E:E-F	F Power	
A L: L BL: L/ C M: I	A ocal AMP For serie th C	B F: Fo H:HC es nu	M C reign DLDE	7 D R	E E:E-F	F Power	
A L: L BL: L/ C M: I DYear EMon FSPE	A ocal AMP For serie th C	B F: Fo H:HC es nu	M C reign DLDE	7 D R	E E:E-F	F Power	
A L: L BL: L/ C M: I DYear EMon FSPE	A ocal AMP For serie th C	B F: Fo H:HC es nu	M C reign DLDE	7 D R	E E:E-F	F Power	
A L: L BL: L/ C M: I DYear EMon FSPE	A ocal AMP For serie th C	B F: Fo H:HC es nu	M C reign DLDE	7 D R	E E:E-F	F Power	



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•SOLDERING

P

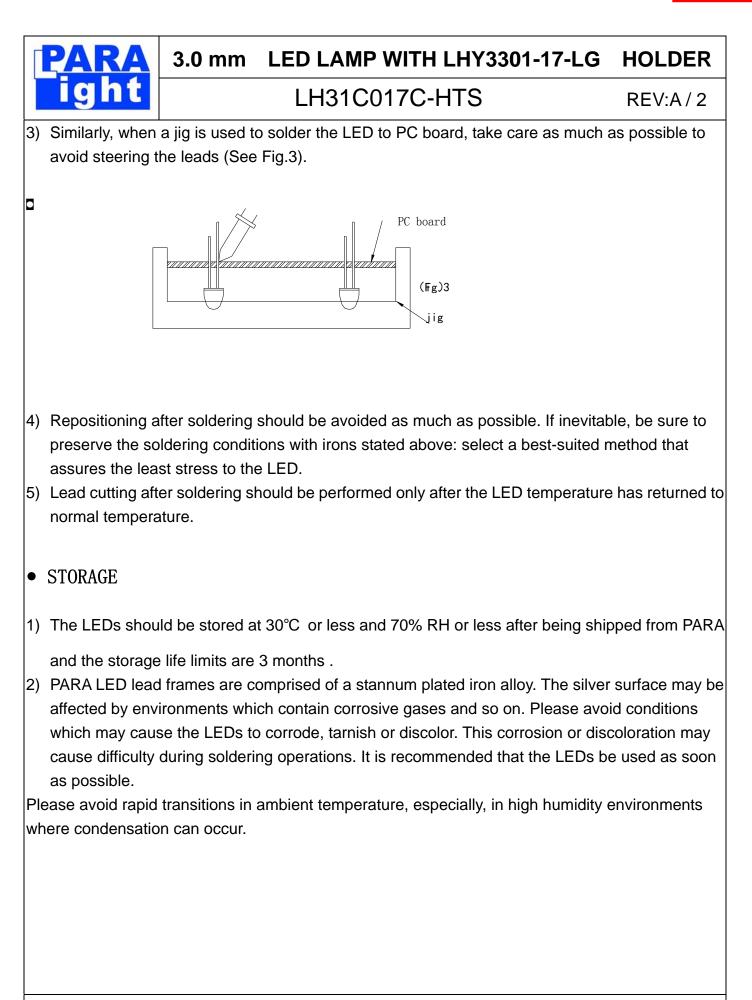
•SOLDERING	G				
METHOD	SOLDERING CONDITIONS	REMARK			
DIP SOLDERING	Bath temperature: 260° C Immersion time: with 5 sec, 1 time	 Solder no closer than 3mm from the base of the package Using soldering flux," RESIN FLUX" is recommended. Attached data of temperatuare cure for your reference 			
SOLDERING IRON 1) When solderi	Soldering iron: 30W or smaller Temperature at tip of iron:300°C or lower Soldering time: within 3 sec. ng the lead of LED in a condition that the	 During soldering, take care not to press the tip of iron against the lead. (To prevent heat from being transferred directly to the lead, hold the lead with a pair of tweezers while soldering package is fixed with a panel (See Fig.1), 			
be careful not	t to stress the leads with iron tip.				
	Panel (Fig. 1)	wries			
2) When soldering wire to the lead, work with a Fig (See Fig.2) to avoid stressing the package.					
Leave a slight clearance (Fig. 2)					
Regarding solution	on in the tinning oven for product-tinning,	compound sub-solution made of tin &			

copper and sliver is proposed with the temperature of Celsius 260. The proportion of the alloyed solution is tin 95.5: copper 3.5: silver 0.5 by percentage. The time of tinning is constantly 3

seconds.

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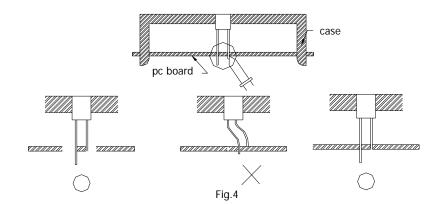


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•LED MOUNTING METHOD

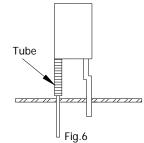
3) When mounting the LED by using a case, as shown Fig.4, ensure that the mounting holds on the PC board match the pitch of the leads correctly-tolerance of dimensions of the respective components including the LED should be taken into account especially when designing the case, PC board, etc. to prevent pitch misalignment between the leads and board holes, the diameter of the board holes should be slightly larger than the size of the lead. Alternatively, the shape of the holes should be made oval. (See Fig.4)



4) Use LEDs with stand-off (Fig.5) or the tube or spacer made of resin (Fig.6) to position the LEDs.

Stand-off

Fig.5



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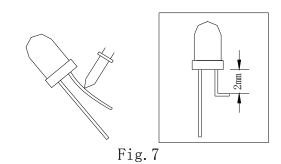


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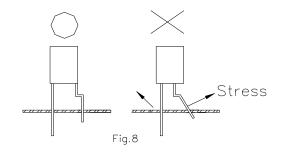
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FORMED LEAD

1) The lead should be bent at a point located at least 2mm away from the package. Bending should be performed with base fixed means of a jig or pliers (Fig.7)



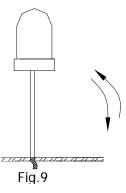
- 2) Forming lead should be carried our prior to soldering and never during or after soldering.
- Form the lead to ensure alignment between the leads and the hole on board, so that stress against the LED is prevented. (Fig.8)



•LEAD STRENGTH

1) Bend strength

Do not bend the lead more than twice. (Fig.9)



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2) Tensile strength (@Room Temperature)If the force is 1kg or less, there will be no problem. (Fig.10)

ок! IKg Fig.10

• HEAT GENERATION

 Thermal design of the end product is of paramount importance. Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, as well as other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.

The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

•CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

- 1) Avoid exposure to chemicals as it may attack the LED surface and cause discoloration.
- 2) When washing is required, refer to the following table for the proper chemical to be sued. (Immersion time: within 3 minutes at room temperature.)

SOLVENT	ADAPTABILITY				
Freon TE	\odot				
Chlorothene	\times				
Isopropyl Alcohol	\odot				
Thinner	\times				
Acetone	\times				
Trichloroethylene	\times				
\odot Leople \checkmark Do not use					

NOTE: Influences of ultrasonic cleaning of the LED resin body differ depending on such factors as the oscillator output, size of the PC board and the way in which the LED is mounted. Therefore, ultrasonic cleaning should only be performed after confirming there is no problem by conducting a test under practical.

 \odot --Usable X--Do not use.

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•OTHERS

- 1) Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.
- 3) The LEDs described in this brochure are intended to be used for ordinary electronic equipment (such as office equipment, communications equipment, measurement instruments and household appliances). Consult PARA's sales staff in advance for information on the applications in which exceptional quality and reliability are required, particularly when the failure or malfunction of the LEDs may directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, automobiles, traffic control equipment, life support systems and safety devices).
- 4) User shall not reverse engineer by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without having prior written consent from PARA. When defective LEDs are found, the User shall inform PARA directly before disassembling or analysis.
- 5) The formal specifications must be exchanged and signed by both parties before large volume purchase begins.
- 6) The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement without notice.

